## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



## BG DFC Plus with Cetane Improver Concentrate

## 1. Product and company identification

Manufacturer : BG Products Inc.

701 S. Wichita Street Wichita, KS, 67213, USA www.bgprod.com

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

MSDS # : 236

Validation date : 8/12/2014.

Responsible name : Kolin Anglin, Environmental Coordinator

316-265-2686 msds@bgprod.com

In case of emergency: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

### 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 substance or mixture : CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 75.3%

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Suspected of causing cancer.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have

been read and understood. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off

immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower.

Storage : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise** 

classified

: None known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 1/13

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.

identification

**CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : Not applicable.

Product code : 236

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
xylene	1 - 5	1330-20-7
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	1 - 5	64742-95-6
naphthalene	1 - 5	91-20-3
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	1 - 5	95-63-6
ethylbenzene	0.5 - 1.5	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If

not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may

need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing

before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and

keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eve contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Skin contactIn No known significant effects or critical hazards.IngestionNo known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 2/13

#### 4. First aid measures

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 3/13

#### Accidental release measures

#### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

**Occupational exposure limits** 

<b>Exposure limits</b>
ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 4/13

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Naphthalene

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

ethylbenzene

STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 75 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m³ 10 hours.

STEL: 655 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 75 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 8 hours.

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours.

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

<u>Individual protection measures</u>

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 5/13

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.

Wash contaminated clothing before reusing.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists,

gases or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection

time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved

standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid.

Flash point : Closed cup: 57°C (134.6°F) [Pensky-Martens.]

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Flammable limits : Not available.

Color : Amber.
Odor : Solvents

pH : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : Not available.

Melting/freezing point : Not available.

Specific gravity : 0.9307

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Odor threshold: Not available.Evaporation rate: Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.1162 cm²/s (11.62 cSt)

**Solubility** : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

 Pour point
 : -21°C (-5.8°F)

 Density
 : 7.759 (lbs/gal)

## 10. Stability and reactivity

reactions

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 6/13

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

products not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Naphthalene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>20 g/kg	-
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	490 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
Naphthalene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	495 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.05 Mililiters	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene Naphthalene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B 2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 7/13

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

: Not available.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may

be delayed following exposure.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 8/13

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	4169.4 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	26026.4 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	280.4 mg/l

## 12. Ecological information

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
xylene	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1600 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 213 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Melanotaenia fluviatilis -	96 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Elasmopus pectinicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2930 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5200 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.16	-	low
Naphthalene	3.3	85.11	low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	120.23	low
ethylbenzene	3.15	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 9/13

#### **Disposal considerations** 13.

safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## **Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O. S. (xylene, 2-ethylhexyl nitrate). Marine pollutant	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-ethylhexyl nitrate). Marine pollutant	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-ethylhexyl nitrate)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	No.
Additional information		Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-F	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 60 L Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 220 L Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 10 L  Remarks Marine Pollutant:

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: naphthalene

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: ethylbenzene; naphthalene; toluene

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: ethylbenzene; xylene; naphthalene; toluene

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version: 4.1 10/13

## 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

**SARA 302/304** 

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name		Sudden release of pressure		Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
xylene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
naphthalene	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	
Form R - Reporting requirements	xylene naphthalene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ethylbenzene	1330-20-7 91-20-3 95-63-6 100-41-4	
Supplier notification	xylene naphthalene 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene ethylbenzene	1330-20-7 91-20-3 95-63-6 100-41-4	

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

#### State regulations

**Massachusetts**: The following components are listed: ETHYL BENZENE; PSEUDOCUMENE; XYLENE;

**NAPHTHALENE** 

New York : The following components are listed: Ethylbenzene; Xylene (mixed); Naphthalene

New Jersey : The following components are listed: ETHYL BENZENE; BENZENE, ETHYL-;

PSEUDOCUMENĖ; 1,2,4-TRIMETHYL BENZENE; XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-;

NAPHTHALENE; MOTH FLAKES

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: BENZENE, ETHYL-; PSEUDOCUMENE;

BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; NAPHTHALENE

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 11/13

### 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	•	Maximum acceptable dosage level
naphthalene ethylbenzene	Yes. Yes.		Yes. 41 µg/day (ingestion) 54 µg/day (inhalation)	No. No.
cumene toluene	Yes. No.	No. Yes.	No. No.	No. 7000 μg/day (ingestion)

**United States inventory** 

(TSCA 8b)

: Not determined.

**Canada** 

WHMIS (Canada)

: Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C

(200°F).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

**Canadian lists** 

**Canadian NPRI** 

: The following components are listed: Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha; Ethylbenzene; 1,

2,4-Trimethylbenzene; Light aromatic solvent naphtha; Xylene (all isomers);

Naphthalene

**CEPA Toxic substances** 

: The following components are listed: Naphthalene

**Canada inventory** 

: Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

#### **International regulations**

**International lists** 

: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

**Japan inventory**: Not determined. **Korea inventory**: Not determined.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

### 16. Other information

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** 



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 12/13

#### 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### **History**

Date of printing : 8/12/2014.

Date of issue/Date of : 8/12/2014.

revision

Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013.

Version : 4.1

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot quarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 8/12/2014. Date of previous issue : 3/11/2013. Version : 4.1 13/13