SAFETY DATA SHEET



BG 403 Non-Chlorinated Brake Cleaner 45% VOC

(Aerosol)

1. Product and company identification

Manufacturer	: BG Products Inc. 701 S. Wichita Street Wichita, KS, 67213, USA
	www.bgprod.com
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
MSDS #	: 403CC
Validation date	: 3/11/2013.
Responsible name	: Kolin Anglin, Environmental Coordinator 316-265-2686 msds@bgprod.com
In case of emergency	: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
2. Hazards ider	itification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 39%
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable aerosol.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture		Mixture
Other means of		Not available.
identification		
CAS number/other identifiers		
CAS number	:	Not applicable.
Product code	:	403CC

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
acetone	40 - 70	67-64-1
xylene	15 - 40	1330-20-7
ethylbenzene	1 - 5	100-41-4
methanol	1 - 5	67-56-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section. Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.	
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.	
Ingestion	-	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.	
Most important symptoms/ef	fec	ts, acute and delayed	
Potential acute health effect	S		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing	
Skin contact	:	No specific data.	
Ingestion	:	No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medi	са	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	

4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.	
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	

6. Accidental release measures

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: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling **Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is Advice on general occupational hygiene handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool including any and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid incompatibilities environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
Acetone	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1188 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1782 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/198 TWA: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1800 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 2400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection meas	I <u>res</u>
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
methanol	 NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 320 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 16 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 16 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 16 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 17 hours. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 16 minutes. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 16 minutes. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 16 hours. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 16 hours. STEL: 325 mg/m³ 16 minutes. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 16 hours. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 16 hours. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 16 minutes. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 16 minutes. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 16 hours. STEL: 326 mg/m³ 18 hou
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid.
Flash point	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Flammable limits	: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 36%
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Solvents
рН	: Not available.
Boiling/condensation point	: Not available.
Melting/freezing point	: Not available.
Specific gravity	: 0.7814
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Solubility	: Very slightly soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Density	: 6.517 (lbs/gal)
VOC content	: 45 % (w/w)
Aerosol product	

Date of issue/Date of revision

9. Physical and chemical properties

Type of aerosol	: Spray
Heat of combustion	: 28 kJ/g
Ignition distance	: 30 cm

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	5000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 parts	-
	-			per million	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 microliters	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				milligrams	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395	-
				milligrams	
kylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60	-
				microliters	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				milligrams	
methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
te of issue/Date of revision	: 3/11/2013. Date of previo	ous issue	: No previous va	lidation. Version	:2

Section 11. Toxicological information

Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	milligrams 40 milligrams 24 hours 20 milligrams	-
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Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
xylene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	•		•

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of eve

routes of exposure	
Potential acute health effect	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/11/2013. Date of previous issue : No previous validation.

Version : 2

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Section 11. Toxicological information

	-
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Numerical measures of toxic	sity
Acute toxicity estimates	

Not available.

12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
Acute LC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	48 hours
Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
	Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 hours
	Weanling)	
Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours
Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water		96 hours
Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	96 hours
_	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine waterCrustaceans - Palaemonetes pugioAcute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelas Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh waterAlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh waterAlgae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute EC50 2930 µg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna - NeonateAcute LC50 5200 µg/l Marine waterCrustaceans - Americamysis bahiaAcute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute LC50 1000 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitataAcute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine waterAlgae - Ulva pertusa Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - AdultAcute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna - NeonateAcute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh waterDaphnia - Daphnia magna - NeonateAcute LC50 100000 µg/l Fresh waterFish - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,

12. Ecological information

	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water		Weanling) Algae - Ulva pertusa		96 hours
Persistence and degradabili	ity				
Not available.					
Bioaccumulative potential					
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF		Potential	
Acetone	-0.24	-		low	
xylene	3.16	-		low	
ethylbenzene	3.15	-		low	
methanol	-0.77	-		low	
<u>Mobility in soil</u>					
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.				
Other adverse effects	: No known significant	t effects or critical	hazards.		

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Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.
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Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Date of issue/Date of r	revision : 3/11/2013.	Date of previous issue : No previo	us validation. Version : 2 10/1

14. Transport information

Additional	Limited quantity	Emergency schedules (EmS)	Passenger and Cargo		
information	Yes.	F-D, S-U	AircraftQuantity limitation: 75		
		Dementer	kg		
		<u>Remarks</u>	Cargo Aircraft OnlyQuantity		
		Limited quantity	limitation: 150 kg		
			Limited Quantities -		
			Passenger AircraftQuantity		
			limitation: 30 kg		
			<u>Remarks</u>		
			Limited quantity		
Special precaut	Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are				

ns for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

News		Eine howend	Qualdana	Depative	Immediate	Deleved
Composition/information c	<u>n</u>	ingredients				
Classification	1	Immediate (acute) health haza Delayed (chronic) health haza				
SARA 311/312		Immodiate (aquite) bealth baz	ard			
SARA 304 RQ	÷	Not applicable.				
No products were found.						
Composition/information c	<u>n</u>	ingredients				
<u>SARA 302/304</u>						
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	÷	Listed				
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)						
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:	xylene; ethylbe	nzene		
		Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:	ethylbenzene			
		United States inventory (TS	CA 8b): Not det	ermined.		
S. Federal regulations	1	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Part	ial exemption:	Not determine	ed	

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
acetone	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
xylene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Carbon dioxide	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
ethylbenzene	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
methanol	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

SARA 313

15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number
Form R - Reporting requirements	xylene ethylbenzene methanol	1330-20-7 100-41-4 67-56-1
Supplier notification	xylene ethylbenzene methanol	1330-20-7 100-41-4 67-56-1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations Massachusetts : The following components are listed: ACETONE; XYLENE; CARBON DIOXIDE; ETHYL BENZENE; METHANOL New York : The following components are listed: Acetone; 2-Propanone; Xylene (mixed); Ethylbenzene; Methanol New Jersey : The following components are listed: ACETONE; 2-PROPANONE; XYLENES; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; CARBON DIOXIDE; CARBONIC ACID GAS; ETHYL BENZENE, BENZENE, ETHYL-; METHYL ALCOHOL; METHANOL

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: 2-PROPANONE; BENZENE, DIMETHYL-; CARBON DIOXIDE; BENZENE, ETHYL-; METHANOL

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	C	ancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
ethylbenzene	Y	es.	No.	41 μg/day (ingestion) 54 μg/day (inhalation)	No.
methanol	N	0.	Yes.	No.	No.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b)	: Not determin	ned.			
<u>Canada</u>					
WHMIS (Canada)	Class D-2A:	Material o Material o			(Toxic).
<u>Canadian lists</u>					
Canadian NPRI	•		ents are listed: Vola llate; Ethylbenzene;	tile organic compounds; ; Methanol	Xylene (all isomers);
CEPA Toxic substances	: The following	g compon	ents are listed: Vola	tile organic compounds;	Carbon dioxide
Canada inventory	: Not determin	ned.			

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

15. Regulatory information

International lists	: Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory: Not determined.
	Korea inventory: Not determined.
	Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health		2
Flammability		4
Physical hazards		2

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 3/11/2013.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/11/2013.
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.
Version	: 2
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 3/11/2013. Date of previous issue : No previous validation. Version : 2 13

13/14

16. Other information

References

UN = United Nations

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.